

Practitioner's Docket No. 49639 (70820)

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

«Y. Kubota, et al.

Application No.:

09/523,511

Group No.:

2674

Filed:

March 10, 2000

Examiner: Dinh, Duc Q.

For:

SHIFT REGISTER CIRCUIT, IMAGE DISPLAY APPARATUS HAVING THE

CIRCUIT, AND DRIVING METHOD FOR LCD DEVICES

RECEIVED

Mail Stop: Official Draftsperson Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SEP 2 5 2003

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TRANSMITTAL OF FORMAL DRAWINGS

In response to the NOTICE OF INFORMAL DRAWINGS mailed on <u>June 18, 2003</u>,

attached please find:

(a) the formal drawing(s) for this application.

Number of Sheets 29

NOTE: "Identifying indicia, if provided, should include the application number or the title of the invention, inventor's name, docket number (if any), and the name and telephone number of a person to call if the Office is unable to match the

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING (37 C.F.R. SECTION 1.8(a))

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being deposited with the united States Postal Service on the date shown below with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Kathryn A. Grindrod

(type or print name of person mailing paper)

Date: September 16, 2003

Signature of person mailing paper

WARNING: "Facsimile transmissions are not permitted and if submitted will not be accorded a date of receipt" for "(4)

Drawings submitted under sections 1.81, 1.83 through 1.85, 1.152, 1.165, 1.174, 1.437...." 37 C.F.R. section

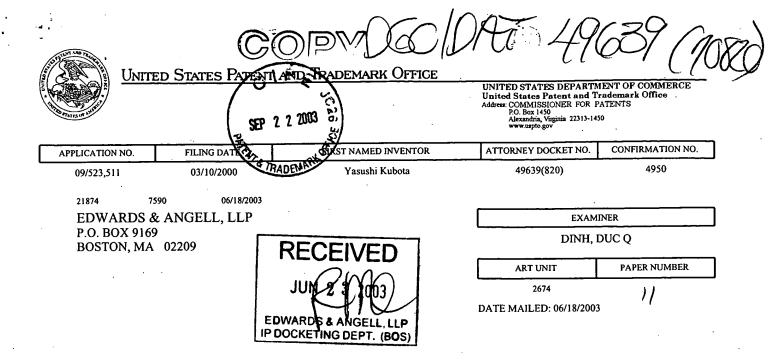
1.6(d)(4).

(Transmittal of Formal Drawings In Response to Notice of Informal Drawings--page 1 of 2)

drawings to the proper application. This information should be placed on the back of each sheet of drawings a minimum distance of 1.5 cm. (5/8 inch) down from the top of the page. In addition, a reference to the application number, or, if an application number has not been assigned, the inventor's name, may be included in the left-hand comer, provided that the reference appears within 1.5 cm (9/16 inch) from the top of the sheet" (37 C. F. R. Section 1.84(c)).

- [X] Each sheet of drawing indicates the identifying indicia suggested in section 1.84(c) on the reverse side of the drawing.
- (b) a copy of the Office Action dated June 18, 2003, stating that Applicant's proposed drawing change is approved.
 - (c) a copy of the Amendment filed March 18, 2003, including proposed drawing change.

Date: September 16, 2003	SIGNATURE OF PRACTITIONER		
Reg. No. 27,840	David A. Tucker (type or print name of practitioner) Attorney for Applicant		
Tel. No.: (617) 517-5508	Edwards & Angell, LLP P.O. Box 9169 P.O. Address		
Customer No.: 21874	Boston, MA 02209		



Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding ECEIVED

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	1985 1985			<i>₹//</i>		
		Application No.		Applicant(s)		
·	•	09/523,511		KUBOTA ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit		
		DUC Q DINH		2674		
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this commun Reply	ication appears on the cove	r sheet with the	correspondence address		
THE N - Extennafter S - If the (- If NO - Failum - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comin period for reply specified above, the maximum is the to reply within the set or extended period for reply the properties of the provision of the properties of the provision of the provisio	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how nunication. 80) days, a reply within the statutory minutury period will apply and will expire y will, by statute, cause the application of the statutory of the statute.	ever, may a reply be nimum of thirty (30) do SIX (6) MONTHS fro to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>24 March 2003</u> .				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL .	2b) This action is non-f	inal.			
3) Disposition	Since this application is in conditio closed in accordance with the pracon of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-25 and 35-45</u> is/are pen	ding in the application.		RECEIVED		
4	la) Of the above claim(s) is/a	re withdrawn from consider	ration.			
5)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1,5,8-10,12,14,16,18,20,2</u>	2,24 and 35-45 is/are allowe	ed.	SEP 2 5 2003		
6) Claim(s) 2,3,6,11,13,15,17,19,21,23 and 25 is/are rejected. Technology Center 260					ļ	
7)🛛	Claim(s) 4 and 7 is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or election require	ement.			
Application	on Papers					
9)∏ ⊺	he specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.				
10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) accepted or b) dobjec	ted to by the Ex	aminer.		
	Applicant may not request that any ob					
11)⊠ T	he proposed drawing correction file			_l disapproved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
- Comment	he oath or declaration is objected to	b by the Examiner.				
•	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	 Copies of the certified copies application from the Interie ee the attached detailed Office action 	national Bureau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).	· -		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
	☐ The translation of the foreign la cknowledgment is made of a claim					
Attachment	(s)					
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I lation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) F		Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Il Patent Application (PTO-152)		



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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers RECEIVED have been placed of record in the file.

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Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on March 10th, 2000 has been received and entered. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Drawings

3. The proposed drawing correction and/or the proposed substitute sheets of drawings, filed on March 24th, 2003 have been received and approved by the examiner. A proper drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The correction to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.



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5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cairns et al. (U. P. Patent No. 6,266,041), hereinafter, Cairns

In reference to claim 2, Cairns discloses in Fig. 3 a shift register comprising: a plurality of DFFs circuit 21 (latch circuits), clock signal line CK transmitting a clock signal, a plurality of switching circuits for performing electrical connection and disconnection between the clock signal line CK and the plurality of DFFs circuits.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to recognize that the left most switching circuit 23 electrically disconnects the left most the plurality of DFFs circuits from the clock signal at regular intervals determined by the output of the left most OR gate 22 as shown in Fig. 3. Moreover, FIG. 3 shows a data line driver circuit 20 in which the input and output of each DFF 21 is coupled to a respective input of an associated OR gate 22 which controls a pass gate 23 so as to ensure that only the required DFF's 21 are clocked by each clock pulse (col. 2, lines 41 – 46).

6. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cairns as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Ogawa (U. P. Patent No. 6,018,331).

In reference to claim 3, Cairns discloses the signals HSYNC is vary in accordance with the pulse signal transferred and a plurality of switching circuit 23 each connect and disconnect corresponding to the latch circuit to/from the clock signal line CL. However, Cairns fails to discloses in at least one part of a period in which the pulse signal is transferred from a first latch circuit through a last latch circuit, the clock signal has frequency lower than a normal operation mode. Ogawa discloses in FIG. 5A, which shows a block diagram of source driver 104, start



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pulse (DX) 202 is supplied to the shift input of shift register 204. This start pulse (DX) 202 is sequentially shifted within shift register 204 in accordance with shift clock (CLX) 201. This shift output is supplied to each individual AND gate 207 opened by enable signal 203. The output of each AND gate 207 is supplied to the source line 206 of each picture element 205. In addition, as discloses Fig. 8, in one part of the least one part of a period in which the pulse signal is transferred from a first latch circuit through a last latch circuit, the clock signal has frequency lower than a normal operation.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to applied the method of frame display control of Ogawa in the device discloses by Cairns for providing an image display device that when displaying image signals having a number of picture elements fewer than the number of picture elements in the image display device in the center of the display device, and displaying a frame around the periphery of the displayed image, can display the frame adequately even in cases in which the input signals have a short horizontal blanking interval (col. 3, lines 10-15).

In reference to claim 6, Ogawa discloses the frequency difference as claimed

In reference to claims 11, Cairns discloses that as the shift register 51 is clocked by the

clock signal CK, the state of each DFF 52 is passed to the next DFF along the register 51, and the

effect of such clocking on the output C of the third DFF 52 from the left in the detail B is shown

in the timing diagram of FIG. 7b, together with the clock signal CK and the horizontal

synchronization signal HSYNC. It will be appreciated that the output C incorporates a series of

pulses of the duration of one period of the clock signal CK corresponding to each '1' level

separated by gaps of three clock periods corresponding to the three consecutive '0' levels, as





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well as a pulse of two clock periods corresponding to the two consecutive '1' levels. The form of such an output C is particularly useful for controlling each line driver 54 as will be described in more detail below. Since such a circuit will tend to cause adjacent line drivers 54 to commence their operative cycle at data rate clock intervals, this will have the effect of smoothing the power dissipation of the circuit. As a result the circuit may bring about a reduction in the amount of voltage supply compensation and minimize switching interference on the data lines (col. 7, line 59 – col. 8, line 3).

In reference to claim 13, Cairns discloses in FIG. 4 shows the general architecture of a digital line-at-a-time data line driver circuit 30 which comprises an input register 31 to which digital video data is supplied in 6 or 8 bit RGB format, a storage register 32 in the form of digital latches, and digital-to-analogue converters 33 connected to the outputs of the storage register 32 and supplied with reference voltages for applying data to the data lines by way of output buffers 34. As the digital data bits are supplied to the input register 31, they are stored in the register 32 and, when a whole line of data has been stored, the contents of the input register 31 is transferred to the storage register 32 in order to control the D/A converters 33. In the case of small screen displays, the D/A converters may be connected directly to the data lines so as to charge the data lines by simple charge sharing, although output buffers are required for higher performance displays. Control logic 35 is provided for controlling the input register 31, the storage register 32, the D/A converters 33 and the buffers 34 on receipt of appropriate control signals (col. 3, lines 4-21).

In reference to claim 15, Cairns discloses that the drive circuit comprising clock means for generating a clock signal, a shift register comprising a chain of control shift elements having



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respective outputs, and a series of driver stages coupled to said outputs and controllable by control signals for sampling an input signal and for supplying the sampled signals to a corresponding series of lines, wherein each of the driver stages is associated with a respective one of the control shift elements and is locally controlled by a plurality of different control signals derived from signals generated by said one control shift element and/or at least one local control shift element in the vicinity of said one control shift element in the shift register in response to clocking of the shift register by the clock signal (col. 4, lines 12-26).

In reference to claims 17, 19, 21, Ogawa discloses an LCD having data driver and scan driver comprising a shift register circuit as claimed.

7. Claims 23 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cairns and Ogawa as applied to above claims, and further in view of Ino et al. (U. P. Patent No. 5,903,014), hereinafter Ino.

In reference to claims 23 and 25, Cairns and Ogawa fail to disclose the process to form the data driver. Ino discloses that semiconductor devices each having integrated thin film transistors and the like are particularly suitable for driving substrates of active matrix type electro-optical devices, and therefore, they are being extensively developed at present. A thin film transistor has a semiconducting thin film as an active layer, which is made from amorphous silicon or polycrystalline silicon. The polycrystalline silicon transistor is superior in electric characteristics such as a carrier mobility to the amorphous silicon transistor, and it can be used for a peripheral driving circuit as well as for a switching element. In this regard, studies are being actively conducted on the polycrystalline transistors. On the other hand, when used for an



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active matrix display which is one example of the active matrix type electro-optical devices, the

semiconductor device must adopt an inexpensive large-sized insulating substrate. From this

viewpoint, there is a strong demand to develop a low temperature process capable of forming

thin film transistors at a temperature in a range of 600.degree. C. or less, preferably, 400.degree.

C. or less. Laser annealing or ion doping becomes important for the low temperature process.

Moreover, from the standpoint of the structure, the thin film transistor is classified into a bottom-

gate type (reversely staggered type) and a top-gate type. The bottom-gate type is superior to the

top-gate type in terms of compatibility with the low temperature process (col. 1, lines 19-40).

It would have been obvious to use the process to produce the thin film transistor disclosed by Ino to make the data driver in the device of Cairns and Ogawa because it would provide the polycrystalline silicon transistor is superior in electric characteristics such as a carrier mobility to the amorphous silicon transistor, and it can be used for a peripheral driving circuit as well as for a switching element (col. 1, lines 19-25).

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments, (see page 8 of the amendment, filed on March 24th, 2003), with 8. respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 8-9 under 112, first paragraph have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the 112 rejection has been withdrawn and claims 8-9 are allowable. New claims 35-45 are allowable (by presented claim 4 in independent form including all of the limitations of its base claim and intervening claims).
- 9. In response to the argument (in page 10) cited that "examiner comments at page 3 of the Office Action must be directed erroneously to the limitations of the original filed claim 3" see the above rejection applied to claim 2.





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In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., ... the limitations of originally filed claim 2 which is directed to initializing the shift register at regular interval during its operation in substantially the same way that initialization at power on is accomplished in claim 1) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Therefore, the rejection is maintained.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 10. Claims 1, 5, 8-10,12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 and 35-45 are allowed.
- 11. Claims 4 and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: none of the cited prior art teaches or suggest a shift register in which "in at least one part of the period in which the pulse signal is transferred from a first latch circuit to a last latch circuit, the clock signal has a frequency which is lower than in a normal operation period and which gradually increases".

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Conclusion

12. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **DUC Q DINH** whose telephone number is (703) 306-5412 The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:00.AM-4:00.PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, RICHARD A HJERPE can be reached on (703) 305-4709.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

Or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)



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Hand-delivery response should be brought to: Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, Va Sixth Floor (Receptionist)

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

DUC Q DINH Examiner Art Unit 2674

DQD June 5, 2003

> RICHARD HJERPE SUPERVISORY FATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600